

EXHIBIT 225

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2012 Annual Quality and Regulatory (QRA) Report To The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors

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Chief Legal and Compliance Officer
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Shift in Regulatory Landscape

- DEA: Aggressive posture continues, with particular focus on distributors and national chain pharmacies
 - CVS: (License revocation on FL stores; still in litigation phase)
 - Cardinal Health: Lakeland DC (License suspension; settlement reached; U.S. Attorneys in states of Maryland, Washington State, Tennessee and Florida exploring possibility of fines)
 - Walgreens: Jupiter DC license suspended; actions expected against 6-8 FL stores (we do not sell controlled substances to those stores)
 - ABC: ABC disclosed Criminal Grand Jury Investigation in SEC quarterly filing involving NJ Pharmacy and ABC's anti-diversion program



FY12 and FY13 YTD Pharmaceutical Segment Regulatory Inspection Performance

Business	Agency	No. of Inspections	Outcome	Status
Pharmaceutical Distribution	DEA	10	2 Observations. Observations related to documentation. 0 SOM Observations.	
NPS and Pharmacy Solutions	Redacted - Not Responsive			
	BoP, DEA	19	7 Observations	
Redacted - Not Responsive				
PharmPak, 3PL and SPS	DEA	3 DEA (1-SPD; 3PL)	0 Observations	
Redacted - Not Responsive				
Kinray	FDA, State, DEA	2	0 Observations	
Redacted - Not Responsive				

Legend:  Satisfactory  Improvement Needed  Unsatisfactory

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DEA: Major Changes to Our Anti-diversion Program to Meet Evolving Challenges

Before

- More focus on retail independent customers (considered higher risk)
- Significant reliance on Chain Customers internal systems to investigate unusual ordering patterns
- Focus on all controlled substances (equal focus on all drug families)
- Focus on suspicious customers – those most likely diverting
- Reliance on internal expertise (CAH Pharmacists) with periodic external gap assessments
- Limited interaction with upstream business partners and large downstream chain partners
- Single decision making process for most decisions (SOM Team)

Enhancements

- Increased focus on major retail chain customers
- More comprehensive review of chain customers' ordering patterns (Data analysis + Site visits)
- More focus on highly diverted controlled substance drug families
- More focus on suspicious orders regardless of our assessment of customer
- Greater reliance on external as well as internal expertise (CAH Pharmacists + former DEA Anti-diversion Experts)
- Greater interaction with upstream and large downstream chain partners
- Escalated decision making process for high risk/critical decisions
- Additional checks and balances, including committee review of higher volume customers

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DEA: Memorandum Of Agreement (MOA) Progress Update

MOA Requirements		QRA Progress	Requirements Met?
Site Visits	• Site visits in response to Suspicious Orders for FL Customers (starting Jun. 3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identified 13 drug families most likely to be diverted Streamlined site visit templates Visited ~85 pharmacies in FL (May 14 – Sep. 7) 	✓
	• Additional inspectors for FL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contracted third party investigators Added 2 full-time FL investigators (7 total nationwide) 	✓
	• Site visits in response to suspicious orders nationwide (starting Sep. 11)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Established same enhanced procedures and policies nationwide on Sep. 1 	✓
Establish Purchase Alert Limits (Thresholds)	• Review and enhance QRA processes for threshold setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Re-set thresholds for oxycodone and hydrocodone for ALL pharmacy customers On track to apply new threshold setting methodology by Nov. 1, 2012 to the 11 additional drug families most likely to be diverted 	✓
	• Institute 2-person approval for increasing thresholds for larger volume customers for specific drug families	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Executed for large volume customers Developed and executing approval process for all pharmacy customers 	✓
Large Volume Review Team	• Create Large Volume Review Team (LV-TAC) to perform deeper assessments of stores ordering larger volumes of higher risk drugs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Formed multi-discipline team (SVP QRA, Regulatory Counsel, VP of Anti-diversion program, outside DEA advisor) Conduct weekly/bi-weekly LV-TAC review meetings Reviewed ~460 stores (~190 independent and ~270 chain)* 	✓
Suspicious Orders	• Report all suspicious orders to DEA whether we believe the customers are good or bad	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reported thousands of Suspicious Orders (SO) for 559 unique customers (101 in FL) for SOs nationwide* On track to execute accrual changes on Nov. 1, 2012 Developed DEA metrics-driven framework for customer profiling 	✓
Due Diligence	• Enhance customer due diligence (including chains)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Developed Sales Site Visit process QRA and Sales visited ~725* and ~750** customers, respectively (1,475 customers total) Terminated 126 (17 in FL) customers nationwide* 	✓

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DEA: Relevant Cardinal Health Program Metrics

Category	FY10	FY11	FY12	2011 / 2012 Variance
Number of pharmacy site inspections by CAH	325	498	1,475	+414 (+83%)
Number of suspicious orders reported to the DEA	30	47	3,020*	+2,973 (+6,326%)
Number of customers blocked by QRA from purchasing controlled substances	60	36	218	+182 (+506%)
Number of prospective customers blocked by QRA from purchasing controlled substances	N/A*	18	27	+9 (+50%)

* Prior to 2012, Cardinal Health followed the industry practice of focusing reports on orders by suspicious customers – those determined to be of interest to the DEA as potential diverters. Cardinal Health now reports all suspicious orders.

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DEA: Anti-diversion Educational Tools/Programs for Customers

- Increased focus on educating customer pharmacists on detecting potential diversion and understanding their corresponding responsibility required under the regulations to ensure that prescriptions are filled for a legitimate medical purpose.
- Provided educational materials to pharmacy customers (both community and chain)
- Provided multiple live Pharmacy Continuing Education courses to retail independent pharmacy customers at our Annual National Retail Business Conference (RBC) sales meeting (July 2012)
- Working closely with customers to engage with them when potential issues are identified



DEA: Continuing Areas of Focus Going Forward

- High volume customers – focus on volume regardless of pharmacy's patient base or the prescriptions' seeming legitimacy
- Large chain customers – can't rely on the controls of large, publicly traded chains; will also conduct our own due diligence
- Changing nature of diversion – drug abuse continually shifting
 - Today = Oxycodone; Tomorrow?
 - Today = Florida; Tomorrow?
- DEA's approach presents challenges unlike other regulators:
 - Enforcement mindset leads to:
 - Less engagement with industry
 - Limited guidance or notice
 - In response, we are engaging with former DEA attorneys and consultants, as well as attempting to obtain informal guidance from local offices

